# Morbidity and Mortality





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## Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended August 27, 1955

The Massachusetts State Department of Health reports the occurrence of 12 suspect cases of <u>encephalomyelitis</u> in horses in Bristol County. Laboratory specimens are being tested for virus isolation. No human cases have been found to date.

The number of cases of poliomyelitis for the current week is 2,289. This total is in excess of that for the same week of 1950, 1951, 1953, and 1954. The 1952 total was 3,501. The number for the current week is only 7.1 percent in excess of the previous week. A definite peak in incidence appears to have been reached in the New England States, but rises continued in the Middle Atlantic (about 32 percent) and the East North Central States (about 42 percent). Decreases or insignificant rises occurred in other parts of the country.

Incidence of poliomyelitis increased about 40 percent in New York State over the previous week, about 33 percent in Pennsylvania, 36 percent in Ohio, 23 percent in Michigan, and 120 percent in Wisconsin. Insignificant increases occurred in New Jersey and Indiana, and a decrease occurred in Illinois. The marked rise in the number of cases in Wisconsin now indicates that a record number will be reported in that State. Incidence begantorise rapidly about the 3d week of July. In 1952, the last year of relatively high incidence, the rise also began in the 3d week of July and reached a peak in the 3d week of September.

Incidence in the West North Central States decreased about 17 percent as compared with the previous week, principally because of the sharp reduction in Iowa.

A reduction of 92 cases in Massachusetts is fairly definite evidence that the peak in poliomyelitis incidence was reached in that State in the week ended August 20. In previous years, when poliomyelitis was epidemic in Massachusetts, the peak week varied from late August to early October. In 1916, the peak was reached in the week ended October 7; in 1927, September 17; in 1931, September 5; in 1935, September 7; and in 1949, the largest number of cases (194) was reported for the 2 successive weeks ended August 27 and September 3. The State Department of Public Health reported that the disease has now shown a further reduction in Boston, 68 cases being reported for the current week as compared with 101 and 114 for the previous 2 weeks. In the surrounding metropolitan area, communities reporting more than 6 cases were Newton, Quincy, Brockton, and Weymouth. Incidence is rising on Cape Cod, 11 cases being reported in Barnstable County as compared with 4 for the previous week. All other New England States showed decreases or a stationary incidence. In Maine, cases have been scattered throughout the State with some tendency toward concentration in York County. To date, 18 cases have been in children under 5 years of age; 17 in the 5 to 9 group, 16 in the 10 to 19; and 24 were 20 years of age or over. The numbers of paralytic cases in these groups are 16, 8, 5, and 8, respectively. In New Hampshire, cases for the current week were scattered with no more than 3 in any one community.

The Poliomyelitis Surveillance Unit, Public Health Service Communicable Disease Center, reports that a total of 181 paralytic and 234 nonparalytic cases of poliomyelitis among vaccinated persons have now been accepted. New cases accepted in the past week had onsets during the period from May 3 to August 18, inclusive. No conclusions can be drawn from these

case reports with respect to the efficacy of the vaccine. Complete information on the occurrence of the disease among vaccinated and nonvaccinated children of comparable age is necessary for such an evaluation, and this information will not be available for some time.

Excess mortality

As seen in the chart on page 6, the number of deaths reported by the major cities was above the median for the eighth successive week. During the 8-week period ended August 27, a total of 79,431 deaths was reported, about 8 percent more than the total of 73,570 deaths for the corresponding weekly medians.

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Gastro-enteritis

The Los Angeles City Health Department reports 4 outbreaks of gastro-enteritis—3 in private households and 1 associated with a restaurant. In 2 of the households, turkey was suspected to be the vehicle of infection. Staphylococcus aureus was found in the turkey associated with one outbreak. The same organism was also found in other foods served. In the second outbreak, all (10) who ateturkey became ill 13 to 20 hours later. Bacteriological tests on turkey and dressing proved negative for salmonella organisms. The third outbreak involved 4 persons who ate hamburg steak. None of the meat was available for bacteriological examination. The fourth outbreak involved 3 of 6 persons who ate in a restaurant. Roast beef was suspected to be the vehicle of infection. The method of preparation and handling allowed ample time for incubation of staphylococci but none was found in a sample of the meat.

The California Department of Public Health reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis in an institution. Of 145 persons in the institution, 75 became ill one night with diarrhea and some intestinal cramps. None are known to have vomited or experienced other symptoms. However, reliable epidemiologic data were difficult to obtain because of the type of patients involved. No food was available for laboratory examination. Stool specimens obtained from 5 patients were reported as negative for the salmonella group.

Dr. A. L. Marshall, Indiana State Board of Health, reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among boys in a camp. Of 45 who ate ham (the suspected vehicle of infection), 14 became ill from 2 to 5 hours later. This outbreak was reported after the patients had recovered and dispersed to various parts of the State. No food was available for laboratory examination, but baked ham was common to all. An investigation revealed that

poor refrigeration and mishandling over a period of 72 hours may have been responsible for the outbreak.

Malaria

Dr. Ruth E. Church reports a case of malaria in the northeastern part of Illinois. The patient probably contracted the disease in Haiti where she had been bitten by mosquitoes 2 weeks earlier. Indigenous malaria is very rare in the State, and particularly, the area where the case was reported. Since this is the only type of malaria now seen, it is used extensively for teaching purposes for medical students and nurses.

The California Department of Public Health reports a case of psittacosis in a 48-year-old woman. Laboratory tests showed a fourfold or greater rise in complement fixing titer for psittacosis. The patient was a saleslady in a pet shop where she came in contact with an unknown number of psittacine birds. It is not known whether any of the birds were sick, and no laboratory tests were made on them.

#### Trichiniasis

Dr. A. A. Jenkins, Utah Department of Health, gives preliminary information on an outbreak of trichiniasis. As a result of a report of 2 cases suspected to be trichiniasis, 4 confirmed cases were found. A large number (34) of suspected cases are now being investigated. The possible source is an insufficiently processed "mettwurst" sausage distributed by a local market. Over 200 pounds of this type of sausage have been collected and laboratory examinations of samples are now in process.

#### Tetanus

Dr. Ruth E. Church, Illinois Department of Public Health, reports a case of tetanus following an unusual automobile accident. The patient, a 63-year-old woman, had parked in her driveway. When she stepped out, the car began to roll backwards and she attempted to hold it, but lost her footing and fell on the gravel driveway. She received many bruises and several scratches. About 10 days later she developed classical tetanus, was treated with antitoxin and sedation, and she recovered.

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	3	4th WEEK		CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
DISEASE	Ended August 27, 1955	Ended August 28, 1954	Median 1950- 54	Fi	rst 34 wee	ks	Since s	Approxi- mate			
				1955	1954	Median 1950-54	1954-55	1953-54	Median 1949-50 to 1953-54	seasonal low point	
Anthrax062	-	1	1	20	15	22	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1)	
Botulism049.1	-	_		6	8		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1) (1)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	25	38		842	1,104						
Diphtheria055	36	18	44	904	1,081	1,696	195	209	264	July 1	
Encephalitis, infectious082	39	38	33	947	1,055	718	416	499	313	June :	
Hepatitis, infectious,	- 1				6 6						
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	438	707		23,432	37,035						
Malaria110-117	12	25		318	461		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Measles085	974	1,560	863	517,728	627,828	467,881	573,478	663,920	497,271	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	51	52	48	2,527	3,016	3,016	3,619	4,338	4,338	Sept.	
Poliomyelitis080	2,289	2,205	2,205	<sup>2</sup> 14,150	17,104	17,104	<sup>2</sup> 13,087	15,551	15,551	Apr.	
Psittacosis096.2	-	5		194	439		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Rabies in man094	-	-	1/-0	4	4	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Rocky Mountain spotted fever104A Scarlet fever and streptococcal	8	5	12	<sup>3</sup> 213	225	261	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
sore throat050,051	1,307	1,383	717	110,759	113,242	80,003	5,502	5,501	3,656	Aug. 3	
Smallpox084	-	_		- 1	_	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Trichiniasis128	3	4		184	177		(1)	(1)	(1)		
Tularemia059	7	12	12	372	398	448	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Typhoid fever040	52	72	86	1,097	1,417	1,450	790	1.011	1.145	Apr.	
Typhus fever, endemic101	7	5		94	133		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Whooping cough056	1,004	1,140	996	47,011	37,750	37,750	64,293	47,507	47,507	Oct.	
Rabies in animals	65	85	106	3,648	4,904	4,904	5,001	6,688		Oct.	

Frequencies are too small.

Addition: North Carolina, week ended July 9, 1 case.

#### SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and Territory and of one possession. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, psittacosis, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fover-louse borne, typhus fever-epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Addition: Georgia, week ended August 13, 2 cases. ended July 9 and 30, 1 case each. Deduction: Mississippi, week ended August 6, 1 case; North Carolina weeks

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED AUGUST 28, 1954 AND AUGUST 27, 1955

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	BRUCELLOSIS (UNDULANT FEVER) (O44)		DIPHTHERIA (055)		ENCEPHA: INFECT		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM (092,N998.5 pt.)		MAIARIA (110-117)			
					(08	2)			Civilian1		Military	
	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	25	38	36	18	39	38	438	707	6	7	6	10
NEW ENGLAND	- T	-	3_4	111	111	-	29	40		( e = -	2	100
Maine	-	-	-	-	-		8	7	- 1		-	
New Hampshire	400		7	8	-	- 1	4		-	-		
Massachusetts	_	- 2		-		-	8	20		2.5	2	
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-		-	4	1	-	1.2	-	
Connecticut		-			-	-	5	8	-		- 1-1	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	2	2		1	5	12	115	134	1	1		
New York	Ţ	- ;	-	1	5	12	49	82	-	-	( <b>*</b> .)	
Pennsylvania	1	1		_		<u> </u>	8 58	19 33	1	1	1,00	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	6	13	1	2	,,					-		
Ohio			1	2	11	3	86	86	-	-		
Indiana	1		1		3 4		9 7	14 7	- 5		-	
Illinois	3	3	-	2	-	2	5	34	- 1	-		- 5
Michigan	1	6			4	1	56	21	-	-		
	1	4	-	-	-	-	9	10	-	- 1	199	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	9	8	4	-	9	1	40	117		2	-	
Minnesota	1	2	4			-	17	30	-	1	-	1
dissouri	4	1	×	-	1	-	9	58	-	-	-	
North Dakota	1			500	4	1	4	16		1		
South Dakota	2	-	-	- (-	-		3	2	-		-	
Vebraska	ī	1	-	065-	1 7	-	1	2				16.0
SOUTH ATLANTIC					3	-	4	8	1	- 1	- 53	
	2	4	11	7	- 1	1	37	67	-		181-	
Delaware	-		1		-	-	2	1	-	-		8 1.596
District of Columbia		_		-	-	-	1	2				
/irginia	2	3	- L	-	-	-	20	40	-	-		
Vest VirginiaVorth Carolina	5	1	2	1	-	- 5	2	1	Tel a		-	
South Carolina	_	_	4	2	- 1	1	4	5 2	- Ē.			
Georgia	-		3	3	- [	- 1	5	6	25) B		-	Slow.
florida		-		1	-	-	2	10	-		-	= 75-7-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	2	14	7	2	-	17	99	-			
Kentucky	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	50	-	-	-	
Tennessee		1	- 12	2	2	-	6	16				47
dississippi	_	1	13	5			5	14 19		. 7		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	, 3	7	5	7.0	6	2	26		5	3	14.3	2
Arkansas			3		- 0		20	57	5	3		
Louisiana	3	3 2	3	£ .	_	- 2	3	12			N	= 2
Oklahoma	.0 -	_	-	-	1	-	4	3		1		
Texas	-	2	2		.5	2	19	42	5	2	-	
MOUNTAIN	1	-	-		1	3	26	35	-	-	-	776
iontana	* ·	-	_	-	-	-	7	0.00	- 2	-	-	AF S
daho	-	-		53.	54	1	2	7	-	-	-	3
Colorado	\$5 E	100	4	183	1	1	2 8	6 8	92-11			16 T
ew Mexico	Qu - 3	100		11.		96	3	1	() ·	-	-	100
rizonatah	1		-	-	-	1	4	10	-	117.	-	
evada		-	1		_	5 -		3	17.6	-	1	
PACIFIC	ı	2	1	1	5	16	62	72		,	4	
ashington		1,		1		100				1	17 62 5	14
regon	1		1	- N.			10 15	11 24	-17	1	2	
alifornia		2		- 1	5	16	37	37	, = = =	1	2	
laska		45.		10		20.0	6	100	T# _:	1.0	. T.	Jan.
Mawaii		5 -	20 -	-		100-	-	0		1	- 2	7.7
uerto Rico		-		1	-		1	2	1 45-	2.5-	-	0.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes cases not specified as civilian or military.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED AUGUST 28, 1954 AND AUGUST 27, 1955—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

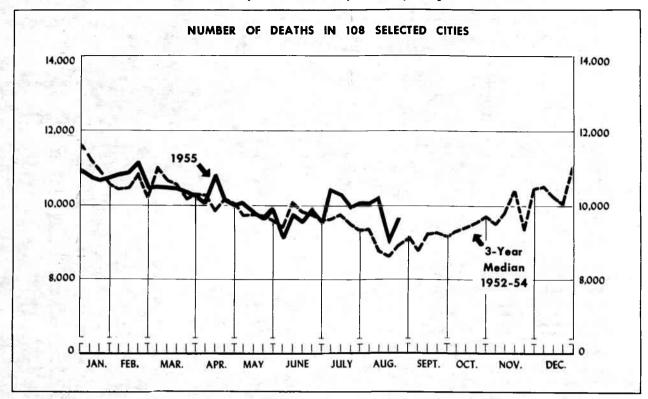
	MEAS	TPC	MENI			Pi	OLIOMYELI			ROCKY M		
AREA	(08		INFEC	TIONS	Tot	al <sup>2</sup>	Paral (080.0,		Nonparalytic (080.2)		SPOTTED FEVER	
	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	974	1,560	51	52	2,289	2,205	696	729	925	754	8	
NEW ENGLAND	28	192	1	3	505	131	180	28	189	47	-	
aine	4	6	1	1	18	8	8	3	10	4	-	
ew Hampshire	7	8	-		27	6	- 6	3	7			
ermontassachusetts	15	26 124	<u> </u>	1 -	13 355	81	153	22	143	43	_	
hode Island	_	1			36	10	3	-	1	-	_	
connecticut	2	27	-	1	56	23	10	-	28	-	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	155	347	5	9	365	263	70	60	135	45	1	
lew York	108	116	1	5	238	130	70	39	135	25	1	
New Jersey	18	154	1	1	59	44	-	21	-	20	-	
ennsylvania	29	77	3	3	68	89	-	-	-	-	-	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	186	327	20	10	739	497	202	175	267	146	1	2
hio	41	85	-	2	124	119	15	43	14	16	1	
Indiana	3	17	7	1	35	50	10	17	17	10	-	
Illinois	31	41	3	2	111	136	40	44	48	43	-	
dichigan	54 57	118 66	5 5	5	116 353	156 36	22 115	62	75 113	73 4	_	100
Visconsin	.77		20									
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	37	55	2	5	168	281	44	106	96	89	1	-3
dinnesota	4	3	1	1	60	42	19	17	41	18	- 54	-
Iowa	6 5	32	- 1	ī	18	92 20	7 8	37 10	33 1	<b>3</b> 8	5 E	
Forth Dakota	13	3 10	1	_	3	7	_	2	1	4	3.5	
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	11	9	1	-	7	4	-	
lebraska	8 -	4	-	3	11	62	3	25	6	16	-	
Cansas	9	3		-	21	49	6	15	8	4	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	61	95	1	6	160	241	64	89	84	84	5	
Delaware	-	1	- !		3	3	-	2	3	1	-	
Maryland	4	7	- :		25	12	13	6	12	6	2	-
District of Columbia	8	32		3	25	13 41	2 6	3 19	2 19	6 17		
Virginia	23 12	26		-	14	22	5	6	8	9	-	-7
North Carolina	4	5	1	-	38	46	14	14	23	22	1	
South Carolina	4	- 1		1	21	13	8	3	5	4	-	
Georgia	2	4	-	2	14	39 52	8 8	18 18	5 7	15	2	
florida	4	16	16 -	-	16	32	0	10	· '	15		
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	26	70	7	8	68	118	29	40	25	31	-	
Centucky	5	21	4	2	36	44	13	26	17	11	-	
ennessee	7	33	-	2	16	32 16	8	10	4	6 5		
Mississippi	8	10	2	4	10	26	4	-	4	9		
					_		47		52	97	1	100
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	132	214	6	5	123	224		58			1	
Arkansas	4	38		1	17	13 18	8	6	8 5	6 7	1	
Louisiana	2 5	5 8	1	1	11 15	33	3	7	1	12		2.7
exas	121	163	4	2	80	160	30	34	38	72	-	
MOUNTAIN	136	62	4	2	41	117	16	36	10	32		
	O N 15				3	9	2	1	_	4	-	
daho	39 3	13 4	1	1 -	10	6	6		1	-		7
yoming	1		î	TET.		14	-	3		1	-	
olorado	47	11	1	-	10	32	4	21	5	10	-	
ew Mexico	24	7	-	1	10	21 12	4	9 2	4	7 10	2-16-30	
rizonatah	15 7	13 14	1 12		3 4	16	* -	-	7	-		==-111
evada		-	_	_	1	7	-			-	- "-	
PACIFIC	213	198	5	4	120	333	44	137	67	183	-	
						21	5	9	3	10		1
ashington	26 28	26 14	_ [	1	16 18	15	6	3	11	5	9-11-5	100
alifornia	159	158	5	3	86	297	33	125	53	168	-	1 7 1 1
laska	1	2	_	_	4	11	3	2	1	3	-	
avaii	15	8			3	3	1	3	2		3	271
uerto Rico	10	93	-	40	-		-		-	-	-	100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes cases not specified by type, category number (080.3).

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED AUGUST 28, 1954 AND AUGUST 27, 1955--Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	SCARLET FEVER AND STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT (050,051)		TRICHI- NIASIS (128)	TULAREMIA (059)		TYPHOID FEVER (040)		TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC (101)	WHOOPING COUGH (056)		RABIE ANIM	
	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	1,307	1,383	3	7	12	52	72	7	1,004	1,140	65	85
NEW ENGLAND	8	35	1		-	1	1		37	78	-	4.
Maine	2	5	-		-	1	100		6	-	-	-
New HampshireVermont	1	2	-	/-	-	-	1	-0" T	4	S	-	100
Massachusetts	3	21	1	-		-			13	35		-
Rhode Island	1	-	-	2		-	7	-	-	1	-	-
Connecticut	1	6		-		-	-	-	14	40	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	27	45	-	-	-	5	8	1	120	197	13	12
New York	20	27		-	-	1	3	-	54	105	9	11
New Jersey Pennsylvania	3 4	10	- 1	-	-	2 2	= =	1	26	33	-	-
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	7				-		5	-	40	59	4	1
Ohio	80	63			2	-6	8		205	330	7	11
Indiana	10 17	15 7		8	911	5 1	2	-	34 27	24	2	1 8
Illinois	11	12		_	_		6	- 1	32	73	-	1
Michigan	26	21	-	-	1	7/ -	-	-	82	155	2	1
Wisconsin	16	8			1	-	-		30	56	2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	27	44		4	-	1	6		30	51	5	14
Minnesota	2	22	-	- 1	-	- 1		>-	3	8	-	3
Missouri	4	3		4	_	ī	1 5		8	9	1	5
North Dakota	12	19	3	-	_		, °	1. 9	1	7 8	4	4
South Dakota		-	-	-	-	-		-	1	A	-	
NebraskaKansas	_	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	- ,-	2
	5	-		_			-		6	11	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	93	104	-	-	1	5	12	2	74	115	17	26
Delaware	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	20.5	-	-
District of Columbia	12	7	- 5	_					6	20	_	-
Virginia	27	68	37.37	-	-				14	28	9	6
West Virginia	8	3			-	1	2	-	8	36	1	7
North Carolina	13	12	6.	8 9 1	7	2	2 5	-	30	7	-	4
Georgia	25	4	-		1	2	3	ī	5	5 9	2	6
Florida	4	5	- 1	20 -1	A	-	-	1	11	8	i	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	73	41	-	-	1	7	7		61	44	9	6
Kentucky	52	_	_		_	4	1	_	34	12	3	2
Tennessee	9)	32	- n	-	1	2	2	-	21	22	1	_
Alabama	4	3	-	-	-	1	4		6	8	5	4
Mississippi	8	6	All I						1.7	2	100	13
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	618	680	-	2	7	19	20	4	<b>3</b> 05	123	6	13
Arkansas	32	23	, ft -	2	4	-	7	-	50	2	-	3
LouisianaOklahoma	5 11	111	100	- 1		14	1 2		13 10	1	16.5	2
Texas	570	645	- 34 -	X	2	4	10	4	232	116	6	8
MOUNTAIN	262	319	1	1	1	5	6	- 4	59	43	14-1-	
Montana	1	2				3			1			
Idaho	5	5				-	50		4	6		
Wyoming	5	3	-	1	-	-	1	-	7	-	-	
Colorado	32	11		-		-	1	-	12		-	-
Arizona	25 185	9 252				2	3		23	8 7		
Utah	8	37	1	-	1		1	9 4	8	13	5	
Nevada	1	-	-		1.00	-	5-1-	- 1	E	-		
PACIFIC	119	52	1	##	V-1-	3	4	- 1	113	159	8	3
Washington	55	7	201	_	14	2	1	57 July 2	6	15	-	70
Oregon	20	15	-	17.	1 -	-	-	Seli-	7	14	-	100
California	44	30	1	-	-	3	4	-	100	130	8	3
Alaska	3	9	1002	-	455-1	350	-		2	- (+)	-	
HawaiiPuerto Rico	3,000			-					-	3	-	
		_				1000	1	-	2	36	-	1



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between

death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d  $\pm$  2 $\sqrt{3}$ , where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

AREA	34th week ended	33d week ended	34th week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 34 WEEKS			
ALLA	Aug. 27, 1955	Aug. 20, 1955	median 1952-54	to current week	1955	1954	Percent change	
TOTAL: 105 REPORTING CITIES	9,435	8,881	8,759	+7.7	340,746	330,721	+3.0	
New England(14 cities)	638	595	589	+8.3	23,512	22, 172	+6.0	
Middle Atlantic(17 cities)	2,677	2,565	2,513	+6.5	102,564	98,370	+4.3	
East North Central(18 cities)	2,267	2,094	1,987	+14.1	76,062	73,530	+3.4	
West North Central(9 cities)	748	666	624	+19.9	24,696	25,494	-3.1	
South Atlantic(9 cities)	750	713	634	+18.3	26,225	25,709	+2.0	
East South Central(7 cities)	363	363	427	-15.0	12,454	12,113	+2.8	
West South Central(11 cities)	648	635	653	-0.8	24,425	23,968	+1.9	
Mountain(8 cities)	237	197	207	+14.5	8,133	7,752	+4.9	
Pacific(12 cities)	1,107	1,053	1,063	+4.1	42,675	41,613	+2.6	

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Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED AUGUST 27, 1955

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	34th week ended Aug.	week week ended Aug. Aug.		CITY	34th week ended Aug.	33d week ended Aug.	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 34 WEEKS		
	27, 1955	20, 1955	1955	1954		27, 1955	20, 1955	1955	1954
NEW ENGLAND		3			WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.	4.		z u X	
Boston	240	194	8,047	7,428	St. Louis	250	175	7,469	8,002
Bridgeport	25	34	1,280	1,200	St. Paul	59	58	2,197	2,164
Cambridge	25	22	977	937	Wichita	38	33	1,289	1,508
Fall River	31 52	22 37	950	934 1,524	SOUTH ATLANTIC				
Lowell	16	26	1,572 857	920	Atlanta	120	104	3,527	3,578
Lynn	19	15	781	727	Baltimore	225	214	7,705	7,273
New Bedford	19	26	833	762	Charlotte	20	17	940	997
New Haven	25	30	1,485	1,441	Jacksonville	(54)	(53)	(1,605)	(1,699)
Providence	64	56	2,185 522	2,010 473	Miami	45 29	71 29	1,848	2,241 991
Springfield, Mass	11 36	9 143	1,399	1,316	Richmond	65	66	2,199	2,133
Waterbury	19	24	854	812	Savannah	(35)	(27)	(953)	(969)
Worcester	56	57	1,770	1,688	Tampa	49	55	1,884	1,808
WIDDLE ASSAURTS					Washington, D. C	163	134	5,834	5,590
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					Wilmington, Del	34	23	1,211	1,098
Albany	52	40	1,640	1,526	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	100			
AllentownBuffalo	(30)	(26)	(1,238) 4,630	(1,125) 4,597	Birmingham	67	69	2,600	2,528
Camden	125 33	156 30	1,270	1,257	Chattanooga	34	42	1,489	1,482
Elizabeth	14	26	926	957	Knoxville	33	50	1,152	1,155
Erie	34	36	1,201	1,152	Louisville	(120)		7 707	(3,657)
Jersey City	55	67	2,381	2,308	Mobile	107 20	95 23	3,363 978	3,287 1,082
Newark, N. J	88	85	3,457	3,303	Montgomery	26	21	878	877
New York City	1,380 30	1,300 30	53,570 1,297	51,622 1,288	Nashville	76	63	1,994	1,702
Philadelphia	419	401	16,631	15,737	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL				
Pittsburgh	163	155	6,046	5,460			(00)	79.0	(070)
Reading	(22)			(695)	AustinBaton Rouge	23	(26)	733	(879) <b>7</b> 29
Rochester, N. Y	103	69	3,187	3,064	Corpus Christi	12	13	592	583
Schenectady	(29)	26 (24)	783 (1,129)	822 (1,152)	Dallas	66	95	3,284	3,341
Syracuse	59	55	1,892	1,830	El Paso	29	38	987	913
Trenton	48	39	1,643	1,505	Fort Worth	50	54	1,846	1,869
Utica	24	29	1,022	1,027	Little Rock	116 39	109 30	4,233 1,513	4,102 1,429
Yonkers	29	21	988	915	New Orleans	150	141	5,090	5,009
EACH NODER CERTIFICAT			-		Oklahoma City	46	39	1,922	2,043
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					San Antonio	74	65	2,919	2,637
Akron	42	47	1,781	1,872	Shreveport	43	26	1,306	1,313
Canton	33	21	915	958	Tulsa		(34)		(1,586)
Chicago	719	692	24,777	24,378	MOUNTAIN				
Cincinnati	166	137 204	5,114 6,725	4,750 6,755	Albuquerque	24	26	782	892
Columbus	106	82	3,647	3,408	Colorado Springs	9	11	452	393
Dayton	63	57	2,231	2,131	Denver	100	86	3,673	3,439
Detroit	337	299	11,175	10,480	Phoenix	12	20	371 819	370 721
Evansville	39	25	1,083	1,029	Pueblo	17	9	441	449
Flint	42	29	1,257	1,269	Salt Lake City	42	31	1,439	1,351
Fort Wayne	(34)	47 (27)	1,172	(846)	Tucson	4	3	156	137
Grand Rapids	49	39	1,443	1,310	PACIFIC				
Indianapolis	116	105	3,745	3,779	Berkeley	19	13	607	606
Milwaukee	140	130	4,276	4,134	Long Beach	47	39	1,657	1,641
Peoria	33	22	988	1,024	Los Angeles	352	419	15,317	14,835
South Bend Toledo	28 76	18 72	831 3,141	764 2,995	Oakland	85	75	2,949	3,112
Youngstown	48	68	1,761	1,602	Pasadena	38	26	1,226	1,127
3	1		_,	344	Portland, Oreg	93	66	3,232	3,333
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					Sacramento	49 62	43 50	1,664 2,486	1,558 2,448
Des Moines	55	52	1,742	1,705	San Francisco	174	154	6,316	6,183
Duluth	38	30	872	912	Seattle	112	90	4,372	4,106
Kansas City, Kans	35	33	1,202	1,146	Spokane	29	49	1,550	1,488
Kansas City, Mo	105	110	3,740	4,132	Tacoma	47	29	1,299	1,176
Minneapolis	107	105	3,971 2,214	3,836 2,089	Wenelulu	(25)	(29)	(1 200)	(1 140
Omaha	0.1	10	C) C1+	_,555	Honolulu	(25)	(29)	(1,209)	(1,149

Symbols.—parentheses [()]: data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

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